USDA Child Nutrition Programs Administrative Review Summary Report

School Food Authority: St. Mary's Marathon City Agency Code: 377714

School(s) Reviewed: Review Date(s): 2/6-7/2019 Date of Exit Conference: 2/7/2019

State agencies (SA) are required to conduct administrative reviews to assess School Food Authority (SFA)'s administration of the National School Lunch Program (NSLP), School Breakfast Program (SBP), and other school nutrition programs. The objectives of the Administrative Reviews are to:

- Determine whether the SFA meets program regulations,
- Provide technical assistance,
- Secure needed corrective action,
- Assess fiscal action, and when applicable, recover improperly paid funds.

General Program Reminders/Updates:

- The Department of Public Instruction (DPI) School Nutrition Team (SNT) conducts School Nutrition Skills Development Courses (SNSDC) each summer in various locations around the state at no charge. Courses cover many areas of the school nutrition programs including administrative responsibilities, program basics, meal pattern requirements and menu planning, financial management, professional standards, meal benefit determination process, procurement, and many other topics. More information along with other upcoming trainings and webinars can be found on the Wisconsin DPI School Nutrition Training Webpage (dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/training).
- SFA staff are encouraged to pursue GOALS Certification. GOALS stands for Goal Oriented Achievement Learning Skills. This is a certificate endorsed by the DPI and is obtained by completing training in nutrition, program administration and operations, and communications and marketing. For more information go to the Wisconsin DPI <u>School</u> <u>Nutrition Training</u> webpage (dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/training/goal-orientedachievement-learning-skills).
- The US Department of Agriculture has a toolkit of resources to assist schools in meeting the nutrition standards on their <u>Healthier School Day: The School Day Just Got Healthier</u> webpage. The topics covered include Smart Snacks, offering fruits and vegetables, reducing sodium, and serving whole grain-rich products (http://www.fns.USDA.gov/healthierschoolday).
- The Smarter Lunchrooms Movement encourages schools to implement low-cost and no-cost lunchroom solutions to help students' select healthier meal options (http://smarterlunchrooms.org). Smarter Lunchroom techniques are easy to begin implementing and do help encourage student consumption of fruits, vegetables, legumes, non-flavored milk, and other healthful choices. These strategies are effective and research-based. Consider trying the Smarter Lunchroom techniques for increasing

<u>consumption of white milk</u> (https://www.smarterlunchrooms.org/scorecard-tools/smarter-lunchrooms-strategies#Milk).

Appreciation/Commendations/Noteworthy Initiatives:

Thank you to the staff at St. Mary's in Marathon City for the courtesies extended to us during the on-site review. Thank you for being available when answering questions and providing additional information. Everyone was very receptive to recommendations and guidance. In addition, thank you for taking the time to respond to the off-site questions and requests, as well as pulling records for the on-site portion of the review. This review went very well, and the director clearly has a passion for feeding children. She shows so much love and care for all the students, and truly does an exemplary job in the reporting of all the requirements for Food Service, and managing an outstanding staff. Congratulations on a well done review!

REVIEW AREAS

1. MEAL ACCESS, REIMBURSEMENT AND BENEFIT ISSUANCE

All applications (6) were reviewed and no errors were found in benefit issuance.

Certification and Benefit Issuance

Free and Reduced Price Meal Applications

- Applications must be reviewed in a timely manner. An eligibility determination must be made, the family notified of its status, and the status implemented within 10 operating days of the receipt of the application.
- Children are eligible for free or reduced price meal benefits on the date their eligibility is determined by the Determining Official.
- All free/reduced applications and the direct certification runs were available for review. All
 applications have been approved and students are receiving the benefits they have been
 determined eligible for.
- When an application only has one frequency of payment indicated for all of their reported incomes on the application, the income should not be converted to annual, but using the Income Eligibility Guidelines one would look at the amount of their income under the column indicating that frequency (i.e., weekly, twice monthly, every two weeks, monthly, annually) (https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/income-eligibility-guidelines-1718.pdf).
- When a household has income in addition to a loss from a business, that income must be included on the free and reduced application in full and is not offset by the business loss. A business loss (negative dollar amount) would become \$0 for the income on the application.

Effective Date of Eligibility

 SFAs may establish the date of submission of an application as the effective date of eligibility, rather than the date the application is reviewed and eligibility is determined. This flexibility applies only to complete applications containing all required information. See SP 11-2014 for more information. The SNT must be contacted prior to implementing this flexibility for approval. Contact Karrie Isaacson at karrie.isaacson@dpi.wi.gov for more information and approval.

Annual Income

• There has been a recent modification to the requirement pertaining to the reporting of annual income on an application. USDA released SP-19, 2017 on March 20, 2017 allowing households to report current income as an annual figure. Annual income is typically reported for households with jobs that are seasonal, self-employed, or agricultural work since that is a more accurate representation of current income. These applications may now be processed at face value. However, most households that receive regular pay checks, will report income based on what is currently earned and the frequency of that pay, i.e. weekly, biweekly, bimonthly or monthly.

Household Size Box

• The total household member size box (Step 3G) includes all children and adults in the household and must match the number of names on the application for the application to be considered complete.

Incomplete Applications

Any application that is missing required information, contains inconsistent information, or is
unclear is considered an incomplete application and may not be determined until clarified. The
SFA may return the application to the household or contact the child's parent or guardian
either by phone or in writing/email. The determining official should document the details of
the conversation plus date and initial. Applications missing signatures must be returned to the
parent to obtain. Reasonable effort should be made to obtain the missing information prior to
denying the application.

Application Forms

- If an SFA wishes to change the look or format of the application for Free or Reduced-price school meals or other forms in the application packet, that document needs to be approved by the School Nutrition team at DPI.
- Thank you for using the DPI prototype letters with the current non-discrimination statement.

Limited English Proficiency (LEP)

- Application materials and other communications with households concerning eligibility
 determinations must be provided in a language that parents or guardians can understand in
 order to diminish any language barriers to participation for individuals with limited English
 proficiency.
- SFAs must make reasonable efforts to provide household letters and application forms to families in the appropriate languages.
- To assist SFAs in reaching households with limited English proficiency, the SNT provides the Wisconsinized version of the USDA Free and Reduced Price Meal application materials in English, Spanish, and Hmong.
- The USDA Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) website offers many other <u>foreign language</u> <u>translations of the Application for Free and Reduced Price School Meals</u> (https://www.fns.usda.gov/school-meals/translated-applications).
- The nonprofit food service account may be used to pay for translation services if there is a need to translate materials in a language that is not currently available.

Other Source Categorical

- If a household submits an application that indicates Other Source Categorical Eligibility, such
 as homeless, migrant, or runaway, the SFA must confirm the children's status by an
 appropriate program official either through direct contact with the agency or by a list of names
 provided by the agency, before meal benefits can be provided. Once confirmed, this eligibility
 is only available to the designated child and is not extended to other members of the
 household.
- Applications that indicate a child is a foster child are categorically eligible for free meals. The
 child's status for free meals does not require confirmation of eligibility prior to receiving
 benefits. This benefit is not extended to other household members.

Transferring Students

- When a child transfers to a new school within the same Local Educational Agency (LEA), the new school must accept the eligibility determination from the child's former school, if the child has an individual eligibility determination.
- A child that transfers within the same LEA from a CEP to a non-CEP school must be given free reimbursable meals for up to 30 operating days or until a new eligibility determination is made, whichever comes first.
- Transferring the eligibility determination between LEAs ensures that qualifying students continue to receive school meal benefits as they transition to new schools, and avoids the possibility of unpaid meal charges. FNS strongly encourages LEAs to immediately accept the eligibility determinations made at a student's previous LEA (if they participated in NSLP) when a student transfers between LEAs during the school year, over the summer, or at the start of the next school year. Wisconsin DPI requires source documentation of the student's previous eligibility. The transfer of eligibility between LEAs for students attending CEP schools will be required by July 1, 2019.

Direct Certification

- As a reminder, you are required to run direct certification a minimum of three times a year: at
 or near the beginning of the school year, three months after the initial run and six months after
 the initial run.
- The effective eligibility date for a DC eligible student is the date of the original output file.
- Thank you for running the Direct Certification matches in the required time frames, when you receive a new student and other times to pick up any newly eligible students.

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

Technical Assistance was provided to the director identifying the error of annualizing the income when the frequencies are the same. It was shown in two different ways, how it can make a difference when you determine the application in looking at the IEG's. There are several webcasts on our DPI website referring to the application and how to process or determine it.

Findings and Corrective Action Needed: Certification and Benefit Issuance

☐ Finding #1: Upon reviewing all of the applications at St. Mary's Elementary School, it was found that 2 of the applications were annualized when the income frequencies were the same. Though

the resulting benefit was the same after checking the IEG's (income eligibility guidelines), the applications should not have been annualized.

Corrective Action Needed: Please watch the webcast for Filling out the Household Application for Free & Reduced Price School Meals (https://media.dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/filling-out-the-household-application-for-free-and-reduced-price-meals/story_html5.html). Submit a statement with at least two sentences explaining that you understand the process of determining an application with more than one frequency of income.

Verification

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

Prior to any verification activity, the confirming official must review each application chosen for verification to ensure that the initial determination was correct. The confirming official should initial the application or use Verification Tracker Form to document that the confirmation was conducted.

Verification was done correctly, with one application selected, and the VCR report was submitted on time before the deadline.

Meal Counting and Claiming

- Meals may only be charged to a student at the time of receipt of a reimbursable meal to assure proper benefits issuance.
- When entering the claim it is necessary to use the edit check to calculate your reimbursable meals by site for claim submission.
- Meals must be offered to all students each day school is in session a full day, so DPI has created <u>Field Trip meal resources</u> to help schools offer student meals (https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/national-school-lunch-program/menu-planning).
- The meal counting and claim for the Review Month was conducted perfectly.
- Please note that SFAs may claim visiting students in the paid category or the individual's category with documentation, unless they are from a CEP school.
- REMINDER: Meal benefits apply only to the reimbursable meal. The reimbursable meal includes milk as one of the required components, and must be priced as a unit. If the student decides to take only milk, this is not a reimbursable meal and will be charged for the milk as an a la carte item.

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

St. Mary's has a very neat and organized POS system. The students collect their meal and stop at a table right next to the serving line to be checked for their name and a reimbursable meal. The director does a great job in knowing the students names, and checking them off daily. The students that take cold lunch, also stop at the table, and tell her they have cold lunch and whether or not they are taking a milk. It is a very orderly system. Counts are on a weekly graph sheet, and then transferred to the computer after lunch service each day. Weekly recorded graph sheets of meals and milks are also saved per the record retention rule.

Corrective Action Needed:

2. MEAL PATTERN AND NUTRITIONAL QUALITY

Commendations

We appreciate your thorough and timely communication during the off-site review. St Mary's keeps documentation organized nicely. The inventory and supplies in the kitchen are also very organized. Nutritious, balanced meals are offered daily with vegetable variety. Great job providing CACFP meals to 4K students. Menu signage is very attractive. There is effective portion-control signage on condiment pump-pots. The cafeteria is clean and welcoming. Kitchen staff members are eager to learn and comply. All observed meals were reimbursable. It was a pleasure to review and visit St Mary's School. Thank you for your warm welcome and cooperation during our on-site review. Keep up the great work!

Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

CACFP: Training resources on CACFP meals may be found on SNT's <u>Infant and Preschool in NSLP</u> webpage (https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/national-school-lunch-program/infants-and-preschool). Additional resources are available on the Community Nutrition Team's <u>Nutrition and Wellness Training</u> webpage, under the Meal Service heading (https://dpi.wi.gov/community-nutrition/cacfp/training/nutrition-wellness-training#mealservice).

Milk: 4K students who buy lunch must select a 1% white milk. This is appropriate practice, as students following the CACFP meal pattern cannot have flavored milk and they must be served all 5 meal components including milk. 4K students who bring cold lunches have the option to purchase a milk a la carte- either 1% white or fat-free chocolate. This practice is allowable, but best practice is to encourage all 4K students to select unflavored milk.

Production records- ounces vs. ounce equivalents: The portion size for ham, served with egg sandwich, is recorded as "0.5 oz." A note "1.22 ounces of ham equals 1 ounce equivalent meat/meat alternate" is on the production record. If serving half of one portion, please list the portion size as "0.61 ounces ham" and note that it credits as "1/2 oz eq M/MA." *Adjusted on site.*

Production records- minimum portions for 4K: On days when the CACFP portioned entrée does not provide ¼ cup vegetables, please note what the student must take from vegetable offerings. Example, the planned serving size of chili to 4K students is 4 fl. oz., which credits as 1/8 cup vegetables. Under "minimum portion for 4K" note that at least 1/8 cup of additional daily broccoli/carrot/hot vegetable must also be served. *Adjusted on site*.

Findings and Corrective Action Needed: Meal Pattern and Nutritional Quality

No findings. Excellent job.

SMART SNACKS

Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

At the time of the on-site review there were no competitive foods or beverages sold at St Mary School. If any food or beverage sales occur in the future, the items must either be in compliance with the Smart Snacks general and nutritional guidelines, or must qualify as an exempt fundraiser. A staff member at each school should be responsible for documenting compliance of exempt fundraisers and any other competitive food sales. You can find fundraiser tracking tools on our

<u>Smart Snacks</u> webpage (https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/national-school-lunch-program/smart-snacks).

BUY AMERICAN

Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

The USDA requires that an SFA purchase, to the maximum extent practicable, domestic commodities or products.

The Buy American provision should be included in solicitations, contracts, and product specifications. The SFA should maintain written procedures to ensure product received and inventory is compliant with the Buy American procedure. Sample written <u>procurement contract management procedures</u> (https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/procurement/contract-procedures/contract-management) and Buy American monitoring procedures.

There are limited exceptions to the Buy American provision which allow for the purchase of products not meeting the "domestic" standard as described above ("non-domestic") in circumstances when use of domestic products is truly not practicable. More information on this new requirement, including a tool to assist with tracking noncompliance products, can be found on the SNT Procurement webpage (http://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/procurement/buy-american).

Findings and Corrective Action Needed: Buy American

☐ Finding #1: Non-compliant items

The following products were identified in SFA's storage area as non-domestic and not listed on the SFA's Buy American – Noncompliant List:

- Sliced black olives- Morocco
- Tomatoes- Mexico
- Broccoli- US and Mexico

Corrective Action Needed for Finding #1: Please submit a copy of completed non-domestic documentation for products identified above, as well as any other products found in inventory. The following information must be recorded on a Buy American Non-Compliant Product List of your choosing:

- 1. Date
- 2. Name of product
- 3. Country of origin
- 4. Reason
 - a) Cost analysis SFA determined the cost of the domestic product when compared to the non-domestic product was above the predetermined allowable cost difference established by the SFA.
 - Ex. If domestic product costs 20% more than non-domestic product, and no domestic option/alternative is available, then SFA will purchase non-domestic product.
 - b) **Seasonality** Product(s) is not available domestically during certain times of the year. (*SFA* is required to record or list the months that the domestic product is not available.)
 - Ex. Blueberries are not available domestically during the months of December June.
 - c) **Availability** Product(s) is not available to purchase domestically.

- Ex. pineapples, bananas, mandarin oranges, and black Pepper/other spices.
- d) **Substitution** In the event a domestic product is unavailable due to a distributors' inability to provide, a substitution of product(s) may occur. (The SFA is required to record the reason the distributor substituted the product.)
 - Ex. At the time of ordering/shipping domestic products was unavailable/damaged at distributor site and domestic options could not be substituted and as a result non-domestic products was substituted in its place.
- e) **Distribution** the SFA's contracted distributor is unable to source domestic products and as a result, distributor does not carry the domestic product(s). (The SFA is required to record the reason the distributor carries the non-domestic product.)
 - Ex. Due to supply, chain constraints, recall of domestic product by processor, SFA contracted distributor was unable to source domestic product leaving only nondomestic option available for order fulfillment.
- f) Other- Please provide a written explanation.
 - Ex. The SFA received a donation of non-domestic oranges
 - Ex. The SFA did not use School's Nonprofit Food Service Account to purchase the non-domestic products.

You may record additional information if you find it beneficial. A suggested <u>Buy American - Non Compliant Product List template</u> can be found on the <u>Buy American webpage</u> (https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/doc/buy-american-noncompliant-list.docx; https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/procurement/buy-american). For more information on Buy American exceptions, visit the <u>Buy American Provision Memos</u> webpage (https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/procurement/buy-american/provision-memos).

3. RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Nonprofit School Food Service Account

The Annual Financial Report was done correctly, and submitted on time. Nice job!

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

Annual Financial Report (AFR):

- All revenues including reimbursements and student payments, and expenses including food, labor, equipment, purchased services, and other need to be entered into the program to which they belong, and this will aid the school in calculating its "yearly" reference period for nonprogram food compliance which is highly recommended. The new 16-17 Annual Financial Report instructions are located on our website (https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/annual-financial-report-instructions.pdf).
- When a student deposits funds in their lunch account which will be used for meal purchases, the amount received is not treated as revenue until the meal has actually been served to the student. The amount of funds on hand in student accounts is treated as a deposit or liability account in either the foodservice fund (Fund 50) or the general fund (Fund 10) until the meal is served at which point the deposit account is converted to revenue. This amount should not be recorded as revenue, or part of the fund balance on your Annual Financial Report.

- The ending balance on June 30 from the previous year needs to be the beginning balance on July 1 for the current year.
- The ending balance, on June 30, can never be a negative balance. A transfer must be made from the non-federal funds to bring the ending balance to \$0.00.
- The school food service fund may not have an ending fund balance in excess of 3 month operating expenses, as this is considered "Excess Cash Balance".
- These categories of the AFR that should be addressed when tracking revenues and expenditures include:
 - Expenses for paper supplies, chemicals, thermometers, etc., should be reported under "Other". Only expenses for edible food items and beverages should be reported under "Food".
 - "Equipment" should reflect major purchases of equipment. Utensils, pans, smaller equipment such as a cart, etc., should be reported under "Other".
 - Under "Purchases Services" you should be reporting any time you pay someone for services provides such as equipment repair and health inspections.
 - Under "Ala Carte", you should be reporting the expenses for any food items served to students that are not claimed as part of the reimbursable meal. Revenues and expenses from adult meals would also be included here.
 - When revenues are recorded from the federal reimbursement payments, you want to make sure that you are recording the full reimbursement based on the printed claim form and not what is actually deposited into your account. As you will note on the claim, there may be money deducted from shipping, handling and processing fees for USDA Foods. The amount deducted from your revenue should be reported as a food expenditure.

Allowable Costs

- The nonprofit school food service account is to be used for the operation of the school meal program including food, supplies, equipment and personnel.
- The nonprofit school food service account may not be used to purchase land and/or buildings unless approved by FNS.
- Allowable costs are defined in 2 CFR 200 Subpart E and should be necessary, reasonable and allocable. More information on allowable costs can be found within the <u>Indirect Costs</u> <u>guidance</u> (http://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/national-school-lunch-program/financial).
- Bad debt is an unallowable expense to the food service program. A transfer must be made from non-federal funds to cover student account write-offs. <u>SP23-2017 Unpaid Meal Charges</u> <u>guidance Q & A</u> may be found our Financial Management webpage (https://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/national-school-lunch-program/financial).

Unpaid Meal Charge Policy

- USDA Policy Memorandum SP 46-2016 requires all SFAs operating federal school meal programs, by July 1, 2017, to have a written and clearly communicated policy that addresses unpaid meal charges. For a snap-shot on what the policy must include, see the <u>Unpaid Meal Charges In a "Nutshell"</u> (http://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/unpaid-meal-charges-nutshell.pdf). For a more comprehensive overview, see SP 23-2017: <u>Unpaid Meal Charges Guidance</u>: https://dpi.wi.gov/sites/default/files/imce/school-nutrition/pdf/sp-23-2017.pdf
 - Best Practices
 - Local meal charge policy checklist

- Sample outstanding balance letter
- Sample robo-call script
- Funds in student meal accounts are considered a liability until a meal is purchased. When the
 funds are left "unclaimed", they cannot be used to offset another student's negative account,
 unless paid households have chosen to donate those funds to the school food service account.
 All funds left in any student meal account which cannot be contacted must be turned over to
 the Wisconsin Department of Revenue (DOR) as unclaimed property. The DOR has <u>rules</u>
 concerning unclaimed property that must be followed
 (https://www.revenue.wi.gov/DOR%20Publications/pb82.pdf).

Paid Lunch Equity

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

Thankyou for submitting the PLE Survey, and also the PLE Tool.

Revenue from Nonprogram Foods

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

The only Non-Program foods are adult meals and milks, therefore a Non-Program Food Tool is not necessary.

Indirect Costs

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

No indirect costs were found.

4. GENERAL PROGRAM COMPLIANCE

Civil Rights

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

The process of Civil Rights was done correctly and efficiently to Record Review, The Neighbors Place and Marathon County Social Services. Documentation was saved.

On-site Monitoring

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

St. Mary's School is only one site.

Local Wellness Policy

Technical Assistance for 1006, if do have a policy: The final Local School Wellness Policy Implementation Under the Healthy, Hunger-Free Kids Act of 2010 rule requires the SFA to inform and update the public about the assessment of the implementation of LWP. The notification should include the extent to which SFAs are in compliance with their LWP; the progress made toward attaining the goals of the LWP; and the extent to which the SFA's LWP compares to a model policy. SFAs are required to retain a copy of the assessment and documentation regarding the public notification. SFAs may use a variety of methods to notify the public about the assessment. This

may include mailing flyers, newsletters, emails, website postings, and newspaper articles. It is recommended SFAs include a plan to improve upon the results of the assessment.

Please refer to the USDA <u>summary of the requirements</u> for local school wellness policies (http://www.fns.usda.gov/sites/default/files/tn/LWPsummary_finalrule.pdf). Wisconsin Team Nutrition has several <u>wellness policy resources</u> available, including a toolkit, a wellness policy builder, and wellness policy report card (http://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/wellness-policy).

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

The Wellness Policy for St. Mary's is very well written with all key points addressed per the Wellness Policy Checklist. It is posted on a bulletin board in the cafeteria along with a Wellness Evaluation, for the public to see. Nice job!

Professional Standards

Professional Standards: Training Requirements

- Annual training must be job-specific and intended to help employees perform their duties well.
 The required annual training hours vary according to the employee's role in the management and operation of the school nutrition program.
- Trainings can be provided in a variety of formats (online, in person, webinars) and through various providers (DPI, USDA, in-house, etc.).
- SFAs should clearly document all required training information and maintain that file including the name of staff person, date hired, title/position, brief list of core duties/responsibilities, status (full, part-time, volunteer, etc.), professional standards position (director, manager or staff). Learning codes are not required, but encouraged. A template tracking tool is posted to our Professional Standards webpage (http://dpi.wi.gov/school-nutrition/training/professional-standards).

Annual Training Requirements for All Staff

Directors: 12 hours Managers: 10 hours

Other Staff (20 hours or more per week): 6 hours Part Time Staff (under 20 hours per week): 4 hours

If hired January 1 or later, only half of the training hours are required during the first school year of employment.

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

Training is done annually with all Food Service Staff by the director. DPI classes are attended when able, and webcasts are used also for training. The director keeps all documentation of training, and also makes sure every staff member has the correct amount of hours for professional standards annually including herself. Her tracking is done very well!

Water

Water is required to be available at no charge to students during the lunch and breakfast meal services. Schools can provide free water in a variety of ways, such as water pitchers and cups on lunch tables, a water fountain, or a faucet that allows students to fill their own bottles or cups.

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

Water was available to all students during meal service at no charge.

Reporting and Recordkeeping

- Thank you for completing the required USDA and DPI reports and maintaining the paperwork in an organized manner.
- All free and reduced price applications, including applications from households denied benefits
 must be kept on file for a minimum of three years after the final claim is submitted for the fiscal
 year to which they pertain.

Commendations/Comments/Technical Assistance/Compliance Reminders

The record keeping for St. Mary's is very well maintained by the director and kept for the required timeframe of 3 yrs. plus the current year.

Summer Food Service Program (SFSP) and School Breakfast Program (SBP) Outreach

A goal of USDA Child Nutrition Programs is to ensure all students have access to healthy and nutritious meals year round. Even though a summer feeding program is not operated at St. Mary's, USDA would like all SFAs to inform families of where their students can receive a free meal in the summer months. SFAs can inform families of summer meals via the following methods:

- Promotion of the <u>summer meals locator</u> on the DPI Summer Meals webpage (https://dpi.wi.gov/community-nutrition/sfsp/find-summer-meals-site)
- Promotion of calling 211 to locate meals in the area
- Promotion of the ability to text 'food' to 877-877 to locate meals in the area
- Promotion of the USDA <u>Summer Food</u> website (http://www.fns.usda.gov/summerfoodrocks)

As part of the National School Lunch Program, it is required to do SFSP outreach. The purpose is to inform your students and families of the free feeding site(s) they may have access to in the summer while school is out of session. Near the end of this school year, it is as simple as a blurb in a newsletter sent home to students, or putting up free posters and/or mail these items free of charge. To access an inclusive map of all potential participating sites in your area, see the interactive map on the SFSP website (http://www.fns.usda.gov/capacitybuilder).

For more information on Summer Feeding option contact:

Amy J. Kolano, RD, CD Summer Food Service Program Coordinator

Phone: 608.266.7124

e-mail: amy.kolano@dpi.wi.gov

☐ Finding: St. Mary's was not aware of the requirement for sending out information to families regarding summer meals. Technical Assistance was given, and they were referred to the DPI website for further information. This can be posted at the school outside the main office, in the cafeteria, or mailed home with other information from schools.

Corrective Action Needed: The link for Summer Meals is above, and you can find it on the DPI website as well. Submit an email to the consultant showing where families can obtain summer

meals in your area. Add a sentence telling us that you will send out this information each school year per the requirement. Also, you will find this requirement on the Calendar of Requirements that lists when documents, reports, etc. are due.

"The Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction has a vision that every student will graduate prepared for college and career. Goals are for students to have the knowledge, skills, and habits that will allow them to succeed in life after high school. Access to quality nutrition plays a major role in developing those life-long habits.

The School Nutrition Team believes that what school nutrition programs do every day plays a very important part in the success of every child being able to graduate. We all know that well-nourished children are ready to learn. Thank you for all you do to ensure your students' success.

For more information on this initiative, please visit the Wisconsin DPI <u>Every Child a Graduate</u> webpage (https://dpi.wi.gov/statesupt/every-child-graduate)."

