

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN8: Percentage of students who did not always wear a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)								
46.6	41.5		38.9	37.5	40.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN9: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
22.9	20.6		17.4	16.2	15.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total  
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN10: Percentage of students who drove a car or other vehicle when they had been drinking alcohol (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	8.9		5.5	5.5	4.7	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	47.9		45.7	47.5	41.9	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change
QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
3.4	5.8		6.3	6.8	7.8	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Total Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
5.1	4.3		6.9	7.2	5.5	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Decreased
QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
9.1	6.8		7.3	11.2	8.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)								
			7.2	6.9	9.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
<p>QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)</p>								
	9.6		10.2	13.4	10.3	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
<p>QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)</p>								
	8.5		6.9	8.3	8.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
<p>QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)</p>								
24.0	22.7		24.2	22.3	18.0	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Total Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
16.6	17.6		18.3	17.4	16.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
22.7	24.6		27.0	28.5	33.7	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	Increased
QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
13.5	13.2		16.4	15.7	18.1	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Total Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
11.5	12.1		15.0	13.0	14.8	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
6.7	6.0		7.8	7.4	8.5	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)								
2.6	2.5		2.5	2.0	1.7	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Total Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)								
40.7	33.2		24.4	19.1	16.8	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)								
			7.6	6.0	6.5	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
14.6	11.8		7.8	5.7	4.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
5.2	4.3		2.3	0.7	0.8	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

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## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Total Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
3.5	3.3		1.5	0.6	0.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
Q34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])								
				45.5	32.4	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased
Q35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			11.6	20.6	14.7	No linear change	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

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## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			2.8	8.5	6.9	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			2.1	5.6	5.1	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change
QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			13.9	20.9	15.3	No linear change	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

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## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			5.9	3.3	2.4	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			1.0	0.8	0.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			0.7	0.6	0.7	No linear change	Not available	No change

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## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Tobacco Use	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages					Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †	
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019				2021
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)									
	14.8	11.5		7.6	4.7	2.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Decreased
QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)									
				16.0	21.8	15.9	No linear change	Not available	Decreased
QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)									
	0.8	0.8		0.5	0.5	0.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

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## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
21.8	16.8		10.6	7.6	5.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
0.4	0.7		0.3	0.3	0.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Alcohol and Other Drug Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)								
18.6	14.6		15.5	16.5	16.5	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
39.2	32.7		30.4	29.8	25.7	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)								
				3.2	2.6	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)								
37.3	31.2		30.2	30.6	24.8	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Alcohol and Other Drug Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years								
5.9	6.3		5.4	4.4	4.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
21.6	17.3		16.0	19.9	13.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)								
			11.2	11.4	11.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Alcohol and Other Drug Use						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †					
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)						1.4	1.3	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change			
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)						1.9	1.5	No linear change	Not available	No change			
QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)						20.9	18.3	18.4	13.7	10.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Total Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years								
4.4	2.6		2.9	2.5	3.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life								
9.9	9.8		7.2	7.5	5.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)								
30.8	25.6		24.9	25.0	20.7	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)								
64.1	62.5		62.8	57.4	59.0	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight ( $\geq$ 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>§</sup>								
15.0	13.0		15.0	14.6	16.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity ( $\geq$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>§</sup>								
10.4	11.6		13.7	14.5	13.5	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN69: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)								
8.3	7.6		10.0	7.1	8.9	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)								
10.4	10.7		14.1	15.3	19.1	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	Increased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

¶Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)								
41.0	41.1		36.9	32.0	27.1	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Physical Activity**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
51.6	49.5		48.7	44.7	52.6	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Increased
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
11.8	12.6		14.2	16.3	12.5	No linear change	Not available	Decreased
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
27.7	24.0		24.7	21.5	28.0	No linear change	Not available	Increased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total  
Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages

Linear Change\*

Quadratic Change\*

Change from  
2019-2021 †

2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021					
QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)						14.0	12.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Other	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN84: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work, during the 12 months before the survey)									
	81.6			78.9	79.4	74.6	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNNODNT: Percentage of students who never saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work)									
	1.2			1.9	1.3	1.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)									
	35.0			25.6	26.7	28.0	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN88: Percentage of students who carried a gun on school property (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)									
					1.0	1.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN89: Percentage of students who never or rarely feel safe from physical harm when they are at school									
	9.9	10.2		12.0	9.6	11.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN90: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that violence is a problem at their school									
	51.0	49.6		51.9	43.7	45.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN91: Percentage of students who received, sent, or shared nude photos of someone or other sexual images (on one or more days during the 30 days before the survey)									
					24.9	18.5	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNWATER1: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water one or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)									
					81.3	77.4	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNWATER2: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water two or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)									
					72.8	68.1	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased
QNWATER3: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water three or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)									
					55.6	51.6	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN92: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that harassment and bullying by other students is a problem at their school								
26.9	24.3		26.5	22.1	23.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN93: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
17.2	17.3		16.6	18.5	21.7	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN94: Percentage of students who have had significant problems with feeling very anxious, nervous, tense, scared, or like something bad was going to happen (during the 12 months before the survey)								
			39.9	49.0	52.2	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN95: Percentage of students who have taken over-the-counter drugs to get high (one or more times during their life)									
	10.4	7.4		6.1	5.5	5.1	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN96: Percentage of students who attended school under the influence of alcohol or other illegal drugs (such as marijuana or cocaine, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)									
		12.9		12.4	12.2	8.7	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN97: Percentage of students who used any illegal drug except marijuana (such as methamphetamines, heroin, cocaine or crack, ecstasy, or hallucinogens, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)									
				4.6	3.6		No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN98: Percentage of students who are transgender									
			2.2		1.1	3.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Increased
QN99: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)									
					40.0	38.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN100: Percentage of students who did not drink a bottle or glass of plain water (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)									
					1.9	2.9	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Total  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †				
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021							
QN101: Percentage of students who used technology between midnight and 5 AM on at least one school night (counting time spent playing games, watching videos, texting, or using social media on their smartphone, computer, Xbox, PlayStation, iPad, or other tablet, during an average week when they are in school)						54.1	51.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change		
QN102: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)						14.8	17.2	18.5	20.5	Increased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change
QN103: Percentage of students who have lived in more than one place (counting apartments, houses, or other places, even if they are all in the same town or city, during their life)						71.8	72.2	No linear change	Not available	No change		

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages					Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†	
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN104: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)									
					3.4	2.7	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN105: Percentage of students who would feel comfortable seeking help from one or more adults besides their parents if they had an important question affecting their life									
					84.0	82.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN106: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)									
	71.8	75.5		77.8	74.6	73.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN107: Percentage of students who receive Special Education services through an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or 504 plan									
					8.8	11.1	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN108: Percentage of students who participate in school activities one or more hours (such as sports, band, drama, or clubs, during an average week when they are in school)									
					68.4	64.3	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN109: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that they feel like they belong at their school									
			70.8	61.1	60.8	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change	
QN110: Percentage of students who reported there is at least one teacher or other adult in their school that they can talk to if they have a problem									
	73.0	74.1		71.6	71.5	67.1	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always get the kind of help they need (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)									
			28.1	23.9	22.4	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change	

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Total Site-Added	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN112: Percentage of students who would most likely talk with their parent or other adult family member about their feelings (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)									
			21.9	26.8	23.6	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Decreased	
QN113: Percentage of students who described their health in general as excellent or very good									
62.8	61.8		55.4	49.5	47.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change	
QN114: Percentage of students who have physical disabilities or long-term health problems (meaning 6 months or more)									
	11.4		12.8	11.8	11.2	No linear change	Not available	No change	

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Male Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN8: Percentage of students who did not always wear a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)								
49.7	42.5		40.0	39.5	39.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN9: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
24.0	21.9		17.3	14.4	13.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN10: Percentage of students who drove a car or other vehicle when they had been drinking alcohol (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	11.7		7.2	5.5	4.6	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Male Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	47.8		44.0	46.4	37.5	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
2.9	4.2		5.0	5.2	5.5	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
7.1	5.7		8.9	8.1	6.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
11.9	9.8		10.3	14.6	11.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)								
			5.1	3.9	2.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)								
	4.0		5.0	6.7	3.3	No linear change	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Male Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)								
	6.7		4.5	5.8	5.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
22.3	19.8		20.1	20.2	13.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
11.7	10.9		11.9	12.0	10.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Male  
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
15.5	16.6		16.2	20.4	21.7	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
10.0	10.2		10.3	11.5	11.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
9.8	9.4		11.2	9.2	10.0	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
5.5	5.8		6.2	5.3	5.4	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Male  
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)								
2.3	3.0		2.8	1.2	1.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Male Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)								
41.5	36.2		25.2	19.8	17.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)								
			7.9	6.1	6.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
15.5	13.7		9.1	5.8	3.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
6.1	5.5		2.6	0.9	0.8	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Male Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
4.2	3.9		1.7	0.9	0.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
Q34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])								
				44.1	29.5	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased
Q35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			14.0	20.0	12.3	No linear change	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			4.7	9.3	6.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			3.5	6.4	4.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			16.6	20.2	12.6	No linear change	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Male Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			9.8	4.7	2.3	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			1.8	1.2	1.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			1.4	0.8	1.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Male  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
20.8	16.3		10.6	6.3	2.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Decreased
QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			20.0	21.4	13.3	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	Decreased
QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
1.3	1.3		0.6	0.4	0.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
25.6	20.6		13.1	8.3	4.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Decreased
QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
0.7	1.0		0.3	0.2	0.5	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Male  
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)								
21.3	15.1		18.1	18.8	16.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
39.3	33.6		28.1	27.1	22.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)								
				4.5	3.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)								
40.2	32.3		29.9	30.1	22.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Male

#### Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years								
7.7	7.4		7.0	5.7	4.0	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
24.5	19.6		17.0	19.8	12.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)								
			11.8	11.7	8.2	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Male Alcohol and Other Drug Use						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>					
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)						2.0	1.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change			
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)						2.4	1.5	No linear change	Not available	No change			
QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)						25.5	19.4	19.7	14.0	9.7	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Male Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years								
6.0	3.8		3.7	3.8	3.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life								
10.1	9.9		8.0	9.1	6.7	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)								
28.8	23.6		24.7	24.4	19.7	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)								
71.4	68.3		69.8	61.7	66.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Male

#### Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight ( $\geq$ 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>§</sup>								
14.9	12.1		13.4	11.9	16.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Increased
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity ( $\geq$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>§</sup>								
13.9	15.0		16.5	17.5	17.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN69: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)								
9.9	9.4		11.6	7.7	7.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)								
11.4	11.4		13.6	15.2	18.0	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

¶Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Male  
Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)								
42.3	41.3		39.1	34.2	30.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Physical Activity**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
58.1	54.9		55.9	51.1	59.9	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Increased
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
10.0	10.8		11.8	14.1	10.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
33.9	29.5		32.6	26.0	35.0	No linear change	Not available	Increased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Male  
Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
				16.0	12.5	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Male Other	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
	QN84: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work, during the 12 months before the survey)								
		81.2		79.2	78.3	72.8	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
	QNNODNT: Percentage of students who never saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work)								
		1.2		2.3	1.4	1.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
	QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)								
		38.1		27.2	27.8	29.1	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN88: Percentage of students who carried a gun on school property (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
				1.8	1.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN89: Percentage of students who never or rarely feel safe from physical harm when they are at school								
11.4	11.1		13.9	11.0	13.0	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN90: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that violence is a problem at their school								
53.6	52.7		56.0	49.4	51.3	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN91: Percentage of students who received, sent, or shared nude photos of someone or other sexual images (on one or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
				24.7	16.8	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Male  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †		
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021					
QNWATER1: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water one or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						81.1	80.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNWATER2: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water two or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						72.9	71.0	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNWATER3: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water three or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						57.6	56.0	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN92: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that harassment and bullying by other students is a problem at their school								
33.0	30.1		35.6	30.5	32.3	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN93: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
10.5	10.3		8.9	12.2	11.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN94: Percentage of students who have had significant problems with feeling very anxious, nervous, tense, scared, or like something bad was going to happen (during the 12 months before the survey)								
			29.2	35.5	38.5	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN95: Percentage of students who have taken over-the-counter drugs to get high (one or more times during their life)								
11.8	8.1		6.6	6.3	4.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN96: Percentage of students who attended school under the influence of alcohol or other illegal drugs (such as marijuana or cocaine, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
	15.1		13.6	13.3	7.8	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN97: Percentage of students who used any illegal drug except marijuana (such as methamphetamines, heroin, cocaine or crack, ecstasy, or hallucinogens, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
				5.9	3.4	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN98: Percentage of students who are transgender						No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Increased
			2.6	0.8	2.6			
QN99: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)						No linear change	Not available	No change
				41.4	40.5			
QN100: Percentage of students who did not drink a bottle or glass of plain water (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						No linear change	Not available	No change
				2.7	2.9			

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN101: Percentage of students who used technology between midnight and 5 AM on at least one school night (counting time spent playing games, watching videos, texting, or using social media on their smartphone, computer, Xbox, PlayStation, iPad, or other tablet, during an average week when they are in school)								
				54.5	51.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN102: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)								
	10.1		13.5	14.0	14.6	Increased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change
QN103: Percentage of students who have lived in more than one place (counting apartments, houses, or other places, even if they are all in the same town or city, during their life)								
				69.1	71.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN104: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)						3.4	2.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change			
QN105: Percentage of students who would feel comfortable seeking help from one or more adults besides their parents if they had an important question affecting their life						80.8	81.1	No linear change	Not available	No change			
QN106: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)						66.0	70.9	71.9	69.0	70.9	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN107: Percentage of students who receive Special Education services through an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or 504 plan						8.9	12.9	Increased, 2019-2021	Not available	Increased			

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN108: Percentage of students who participate in school activities one or more hours (such as sports, band, drama, or clubs, during an average week when they are in school)						67.7	64.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change			
QN109: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that they feel like they belong at their school						74.1	64.3	66.1	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change		
QN110: Percentage of students who reported there is at least one teacher or other adult in their school that they can talk to if they have a problem						69.9	73.0	69.4	68.6	63.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always get the kind of help they need (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)						28.1	21.8	21.2	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change		

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Male  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN112: Percentage of students who would most likely talk with their parent or other adult family member about their feelings (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)								
			23.4	26.7	24.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN113: Percentage of students who described their health in general as excellent or very good								
68.8	67.5		63.4	57.1	55.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN114: Percentage of students who have physical disabilities or long-term health problems (meaning 6 months or more)								
	10.2		10.6	11.0	9.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN8: Percentage of students who did not always wear a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)								
43.2	40.3		37.7	35.4	41.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN9: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
21.8	19.2		17.1	18.1	17.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN10: Percentage of students who drove a car or other vehicle when they had been drinking alcohol (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	5.7		3.4	5.5	4.8	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Female Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	48.1		47.3	48.5	46.5	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
3.9	7.4		7.6	8.4	9.9	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
2.9	2.6		4.7	5.9	4.6	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
6.2	3.7		3.7	7.3	5.6	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)								
			8.9	9.9	15.3	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	Increased
QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)								
	15.7		15.0	20.0	17.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)								
	10.3		8.8	10.7	10.7	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
25.8	25.7		28.3	24.3	22.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
21.8	24.6		24.9	22.9	21.7	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Female Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
30.1	32.9		38.1	37.1	46.1	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Increased
QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
17.0	16.2		22.4	20.1	24.6	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
13.2	15.0		18.6	16.9	19.5	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
7.8	6.1		9.2	9.3	11.4	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Female  
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)								
3.0	1.9		2.1	2.7	1.9	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Female Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)								
39.8	29.9		23.7	18.4	15.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)								
			7.1	5.7	6.5	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
13.5	9.6		6.4	5.6	5.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
4.3	3.1		2.0	0.4	0.8	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Female Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
2.7	2.7		1.3	0.3	0.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
Q34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])								
				47.1	35.5	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased
Q35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			8.8	21.4	17.6	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			0.6	7.8	7.5	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			0.4	4.7	5.6	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change
QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			11.0	21.8	18.3	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			1.8	1.7	2.5	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			0.1	0.3	0.5	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			0.1	0.3	0.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Female Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
8.5	6.1		4.4	3.0	2.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			11.7	22.2	18.7	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change
QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
0.2	0.3		0.4	0.5	0.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Female  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
17.9	12.6		7.9	6.8	6.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
0.1	0.3		0.2	0.5	0.1	No linear change	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Female Alcohol and Other Drug Use						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)								
15.8	14.1		12.6	13.8	16.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
39.1	31.8		32.9	32.3	29.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)								
				1.9	1.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)								
34.3	29.9		30.7	31.2	26.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Female

#### Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years								
4.0	5.1		3.6	2.9	4.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
18.4	14.8		14.9	19.9	14.4	No linear change	Not available	Decreased
QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)								
			10.4	11.0	14.1	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Female Alcohol and Other Drug Use						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>					
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages													
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)						0.8	1.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change			
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)						1.3	1.0	No linear change	Not available	No change			
QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)						15.9	17.1	16.9	13.3	10.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Female Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years								
2.7	1.4		2.0	1.1	3.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Increased
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life								
9.6	9.5		6.3	6.0	5.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)								
32.9	27.5		25.2	25.8	21.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)								
57.6	57.8		56.1	53.2	52.4	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Female

#### Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight ( $\geq$ 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>§</sup>								
15.0	14.0		16.8	17.5	15.5	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity ( $\geq$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>§</sup>								
6.8	8.1		10.7	11.3	9.6	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN69: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)								
6.6	5.7		7.9	6.4	10.0	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	Increased
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)								
9.5	10.0		14.3	15.4	19.8	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

¶Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Female

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)								
39.6	40.9		35.0	29.4	23.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Physical Activity**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
44.9	44.1		41.7	37.6	44.7	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Increased
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
13.8	14.4		16.4	18.8	14.6	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
21.3	18.3		16.7	16.5	20.5	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Female  
Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
				11.8	11.6	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Female Other	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN84: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work, during the 12 months before the survey)									
	82.0			78.6	80.3	76.6	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNNODNT: Percentage of students who never saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work)									
	1.2			1.5	1.2	0.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)									
	31.7			24.1	25.8	27.2	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN88: Percentage of students who carried a gun on school property (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)						0.1	0.7	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change			
QN89: Percentage of students who never or rarely feel safe from physical harm when they are at school						8.3	9.2	9.6	8.1	9.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN90: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that violence is a problem at their school						48.3	46.5	48.2	37.4	40.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN91: Percentage of students who received, sent, or shared nude photos of someone or other sexual images (on one or more days during the 30 days before the survey)						24.9	20.3	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	No change			

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †		
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021					
QNWATER1: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water one or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						81.7	74.4	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Decreased
QNWATER2: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water two or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						72.8	65.1	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased
QNWATER3: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water three or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						53.5	46.9	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Female  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN92: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that harassment and bullying by other students is a problem at their school								
20.5	18.3		17.2	13.1	15.1	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN93: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
24.0	24.7		24.1	25.1	31.6	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN94: Percentage of students who have had significant problems with feeling very anxious, nervous, tense, scared, or like something bad was going to happen (during the 12 months before the survey)								
			50.3	63.3	66.2	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN95: Percentage of students who have taken over-the-counter drugs to get high (one or more times during their life)								
9.0	6.6		5.4	4.4	5.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN96: Percentage of students who attended school under the influence of alcohol or other illegal drugs (such as marijuana or cocaine, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
	10.6		10.9	11.0	9.6	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN97: Percentage of students who used any illegal drug except marijuana (such as methamphetamines, heroin, cocaine or crack, ecstasy, or hallucinogens, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
				3.0	3.6	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN98: Percentage of students who are transgender						Increased, 2017-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Increased
			1.4	1.2	2.8			
QN99: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)						No linear change	Not available	No change
				38.2	35.5			
QN100: Percentage of students who did not drink a bottle or glass of plain water (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						Increased, 2019-2021	Not available	Increased
				1.1	3.0			

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †				
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021							
QN101: Percentage of students who used technology between midnight and 5 AM on at least one school night (counting time spent playing games, watching videos, texting, or using social media on their smartphone, computer, Xbox, PlayStation, iPad, or other tablet, during an average week when they are in school)						53.4	51.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change		
QN102: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)						19.8	21.1	23.3	26.4	Increased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change
QN103: Percentage of students who have lived in more than one place (counting apartments, houses, or other places, even if they are all in the same town or city, during their life)						74.7	73.2	No linear change	Not available	No change		

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN104: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)						3.2	2.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change			
QN105: Percentage of students who would feel comfortable seeking help from one or more adults besides their parents if they had an important question affecting their life						87.8	84.2	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased			
QN106: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)						77.9	80.6	84.1	80.5	77.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN107: Percentage of students who receive Special Education services through an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or 504 plan						8.3	9.2	No linear change	Not available	No change			

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Female  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN108: Percentage of students who participate in school activities one or more hours (such as sports, band, drama, or clubs, during an average week when they are in school)						69.3	64.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change			
QN109: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that they feel like they belong at their school						67.8	58.1	55.9	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change		
QN110: Percentage of students who reported there is at least one teacher or other adult in their school that they can talk to if they have a problem						76.4	75.3	74.3	74.7	71.3	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always get the kind of help they need (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)						28.0	25.5	23.6	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change		

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Female  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN112: Percentage of students who would most likely talk with their parent or other adult family member about their feelings (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)								
			20.9	26.8	23.1	No linear change	Not available§	Decreased
QN113: Percentage of students who described their health in general as excellent or very good								
56.5	55.7		47.7	41.4	38.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN114: Percentage of students who have physical disabilities or long-term health problems (meaning 6 months or more)								
	12.7		14.6	12.6	12.7	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**White\*  
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN8: Percentage of students who did not always wear a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)								
41.3	36.8		34.0	32.6	34.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN9: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
22.7	20.3		16.6	15.6	15.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN10: Percentage of students who drove a car or other vehicle when they had been drinking alcohol (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	8.2		5.5	5.0	3.7	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**White\*  
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	48.7		47.3	49.7	42.6	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
2.2	4.8		5.1	5.6	6.3	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
3.4	3.5		5.6	6.0	4.7	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
7.6	5.2		5.6	7.0	6.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)								
			6.6	6.2	8.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)								
	8.8		10.6	13.4	10.9	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)								
	7.3		6.3	7.3	6.7	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
25.7	24.3		25.0	22.5	19.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
17.4	18.3		18.4	18.9	16.6	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**White\*  
Injury and Violence**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
21.3	23.1		25.3	27.1	30.7	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Increased
QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
12.6	12.5		15.1	15.7	17.7	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
10.7	11.7		13.1	12.6	13.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
5.1	4.3		6.2	6.6	7.7	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages

Linear Change<sup>†</sup>

Quadratic Change<sup>†</sup>

Change from  
2019-2021<sup>§</sup>

2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)								
2.0	1.6		1.7	1.3	1.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**White\*  
Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)								
38.4	31.6		23.7	18.4	16.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)								
			6.2	4.6	5.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
15.7	11.4		8.0	5.4	4.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
5.5	4.5		2.5	0.6	0.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Tobacco Use						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)									
3.7	3.6		1.6	0.6	0.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change	
Q34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])									
				45.6	32.5	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased	
Q35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)									
			13.0	21.4	15.5	No linear change	Not available	Decreased	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**White\***  
**Tobacco Use**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			3.1	9.5	7.2	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			2.2	6.2	5.2	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change
QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			15.4	21.6	16.0	No linear change	Not available	Decreased

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			6.8	2.8	2.3	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			1.0	0.7	0.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			0.7	0.4	0.5	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Tobacco Use						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
14.7	11.0		8.0	4.0	2.1	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Decreased
QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			17.9	22.2	16.6	No linear change	Not available	Decreased
QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
0.4	0.5		0.5	0.2	0.1	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
22.1	16.3		11.3	7.0	5.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
0.1	0.4		0.2	0.0	0.1	Not available	Not available	Not available

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Alcohol and Other Drug Use						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)								
16.9	13.5		13.9	16.0	15.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
40.9	33.1		32.8	31.4	28.0	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)								
				3.0	2.3	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)								
33.0	27.4		28.3	27.0	23.0	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Alcohol and Other Drug Use								
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years								
3.7	3.9		3.9	2.5	2.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
19.0	14.7		13.7	16.2	11.8	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)								
			9.6	10.1	9.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.



2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Alcohol and Other Drug Use						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)								
				0.7	0.5	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)								
				1.2	0.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)								
18.3	17.1		16.4	12.2	9.1	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Sexual Behaviors						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years								
1.9	1.3		2.0	2.0	2.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life								
7.2	8.0		6.4	6.1	4.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)								
29.0	23.6		25.5	23.4	20.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)								
62.6	64.5		63.4	61.1	61.5	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight ( $\geq$ 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>†</sup>								
13.5	13.3		14.7	13.5	13.5	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity ( $\geq$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>†</sup>								
9.9	10.7		11.7	12.5	11.3	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN69: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)								
7.4	7.1		8.1	6.9	8.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)								
9.8	9.8		11.7	13.3	16.0	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

\*Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

\*\*Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)								
42.8	43.2		40.4	34.5	30.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Physical Activity						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)									
54.8	53.0		53.4	47.9	56.9	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Increased	
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)									
9.4	10.7		11.8	13.5	9.9	No linear change	Not available	Decreased	
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)									
29.4	25.7		26.6	21.9	30.0	No linear change	Not available	Increased	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages

Linear Change<sup>†</sup>

Quadratic Change<sup>†</sup>

Change from  
2019-2021<sup>§</sup>

2011      2013      2015      2017      2019      2021

QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)

12.9

10.6

No linear change

Not available<sup>¶</sup>

No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White* Other	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
	QN84: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work, during the 12 months before the survey)								
		84.8		83.3	84.8	80.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Decreased
	QNNODNT: Percentage of students who never saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work)								
		0.7		1.1	0.5	0.6	No linear change	Not available	No change
	QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)								
		36.6		26.5	28.9	29.4	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN88: Percentage of students who carried a gun on school property (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)						0.5	0.5	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change			
QN89: Percentage of students who never or rarely feel safe from physical harm when they are at school						7.2	8.3	9.8	7.5	7.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN90: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that violence is a problem at their school						56.5	52.8	55.4	47.5	49.7	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN91: Percentage of students who received, sent, or shared nude photos of someone or other sexual images (on one or more days during the 30 days before the survey)						24.4	17.0	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased			

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>‡</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNWATER1: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water one or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)								
				83.1	80.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QNWATER2: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water two or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)								
				73.7	70.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNWATER3: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water three or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)								
				56.0	51.8	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>‡</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**White\*  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN92: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that harassment and bullying by other students is a problem at their school								
28.5	25.3		27.6	22.4	25.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN93: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
16.8	16.4		16.2	19.1	21.4	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN94: Percentage of students who have had significant problems with feeling very anxious, nervous, tense, scared, or like something bad was going to happen (during the 12 months before the survey)								
			37.7	49.5	50.3	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN95: Percentage of students who have taken over-the-counter drugs to get high (one or more times during their life)								
9.9	6.4		5.3	4.8	4.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN96: Percentage of students who attended school under the influence of alcohol or other illegal drugs (such as marijuana or cocaine, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
	11.0		10.5	9.9	6.7	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN97: Percentage of students who used any illegal drug except marijuana (such as methamphetamines, heroin, cocaine or crack, ecstasy, or hallucinogens, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
				4.1	2.3	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN98: Percentage of students who are transgender								
			1.9	1.2	3.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Increased
QN99: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)								
				42.6	40.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN100: Percentage of students who did not drink a bottle or glass of plain water (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)								
				1.4	2.5	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN101: Percentage of students who used technology between midnight and 5 AM on at least one school night (counting time spent playing games, watching videos, texting, or using social media on their smartphone, computer, Xbox, PlayStation, iPad, or other tablet, during an average week when they are in school)								
				48.8	47.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN102: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)								
	15.7		20.0	21.9	23.1	Increased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change
QN103: Percentage of students who have lived in more than one place (counting apartments, houses, or other places, even if they are all in the same town or city, during their life)								
				66.6	67.4	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN104: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)						1.7	2.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change			
QN105: Percentage of students who would feel comfortable seeking help from one or more adults besides their parents if they had an important question affecting their life						86.1	85.1	No linear change	Not available	No change			
QN106: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)						77.8	80.4	82.6	81.4	79.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN107: Percentage of students who receive Special Education services through an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or 504 plan						8.0	10.3	No linear change	Not available	No change			

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

White\*  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN108: Percentage of students who participate in school activities one or more hours (such as sports, band, drama, or clubs, during an average week when they are in school)						72.2	67.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change			
QN109: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that they feel like they belong at their school						73.9	65.5	64.8	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change		
QN110: Percentage of students who reported there is at least one teacher or other adult in their school that they can talk to if they have a problem						75.1	75.7	72.9	74.5	71.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always get the kind of help they need (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)						29.1	24.8	24.6	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change		

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**White\*  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN112: Percentage of students who would most likely talk with their parent or other adult family member about their feelings (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)								
			22.6	27.7	25.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN113: Percentage of students who described their health in general as excellent or very good								
63.6	62.5		56.8	52.2	50.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN114: Percentage of students who have physical disabilities or long-term health problems (meaning 6 months or more)								
	11.2		12.2	11.5	10.9	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Injury and Violence						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN8: Percentage of students who did not always wear a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)									
76.8	67.2		59.0	58.7	63.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change	
QN9: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)									
22.9	21.4		19.3	16.3	16.1	No linear change	Not available	No change	
QN10: Percentage of students who drove a car or other vehicle when they had been drinking alcohol (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)									
	11.9		3.4	6.9	6.4	No linear change	Not available	No change	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Injury and Violence						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)									
	39.1		30.7	37.1	35.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change	
QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)									
7.5	10.2		10.4	13.2	10.4	No linear change	Not available	No change	
QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)									
9.5	6.4		12.6	11.2	3.8	No linear change	Not available	Decreased	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Injury and Violence						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)									
14.2	15.6		13.2	31.3	18.9	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change	
QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)									
			6.9	15.0	9.1	No linear change	Not available	No change	
QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)									
	8.8		6.3	10.9	3.1	No linear change	Not available	No change	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Injury and Violence						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)									
	13.3		10.6	13.8	8.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change	
QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)									
10.9	9.8		13.2	15.4	10.5	No linear change	Not available	No change	
QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)									
8.2	10.2		15.1	7.5	5.2	No linear change	Not available	No change	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Injury and Violence						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)									
28.1	25.8		31.0	19.8	30.9	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Increased	
QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)									
12.3	14.6		23.2	11.2	12.2	No linear change	Not available	No change	
QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)									
11.3	11.1		20.2	11.1	9.7	No linear change	Not available	No change	
QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)									
10.8	16.2		10.9	9.1	5.1	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Injury and Violence						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)								
4.6	8.0		4.9	5.8	2.5	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Tobacco Use						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)									
45.3	36.4		19.4	16.7	12.8	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change	
QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)									
			11.7	8.6	9.7	No linear change	Not available	No change	
QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)									
4.2	15.4		6.2	5.7	2.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change	
QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)									
1.9	4.1		1.9	1.3	0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Tobacco Use						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
1.7	2.3		1.0	1.3	0.0	Not available	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Not available
Q34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])								
				35.9	19.8	No linear change	Not available	Decreased
Q35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			6.6	16.5	8.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Tobacco Use						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>		
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021						
QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)						1.1	5.0	2.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)						1.1	3.4	1.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)						7.9	16.6	8.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black\*  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			3.3	6.0	0.0	Not available	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Not available
QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			2.0	1.1	0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available
QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			2.0	1.1	0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Tobacco Use						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)									
9.2	15.0		5.5	11.6	0.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Decreased	
QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)									
			8.1	18.0	7.9	No linear change	Not available	No change	
QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)									
1.1	1.7		0.4	2.6	0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black\*  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
8.5	22.9		7.6	11.0	2.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Decreased
QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
1.1	1.5		0.4	2.6	0.0	Not available	Not available	Not available

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Alcohol and Other Drug Use						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)								
21.0	15.9		24.4	14.4	15.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
23.2	27.3		19.2	17.3	9.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)								
				1.4	1.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)								
62.2	50.7		41.1	44.8	26.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Alcohol and Other Drug Use								
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years								
14.4	16.4		14.0	12.1	8.9	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
38.2	29.1		24.7	34.7	17.4	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)								
			16.1	15.8	19.4	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Alcohol and Other Drug Use						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>		
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages										
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021					
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)						4.6	1.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)						6.2	0.7	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased
29.1	20.6		26.8	15.0	10.3	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change		

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Sexual Behaviors						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years									
24.5	10.6		6.6	6.9	9.7	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change	
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life									
29.4	22.2		13.7	14.0	13.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change	
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)									
45.1	38.8		20.8	35.7	22.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

<b>Black*</b> <b>Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors</b>						<b>Linear Change<sup>†</sup></b>	<b>Quadratic Change<sup>†</sup></b>	<b>Change from 2019-2021<sup>§</sup></b>
<b>Health Risk Behavior and Percentages</b>								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight ( $\geq$ 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>¶</sup>								
22.9	12.1		19.4	15.2	23.6	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity ( $\geq$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>¶</sup>								
13.0	19.9		17.0	24.9	20.0	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN69: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)								
13.5	11.0		20.3	11.6	12.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)								
14.4	21.0		19.2	18.4	26.4	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

\*\*Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

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**Black\***  
**Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)								
23.7	28.0		22.9	28.6	14.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Decreased

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\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Physical Activity						Health Risk Behavior and Percentages	Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021				
QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)									
36.1	35.7		29.8	34.9	44.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change	
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)									
27.4	22.0		25.4	25.9	18.7	No linear change	Not available	No change	
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)									
19.1	15.1		18.3	20.6	24.8	No linear change	Not available	No change	

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Physical Activity						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
Health Risk Behavior and Percentages								
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
				19.2	24.7	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black* Other	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
	QN84: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work, during the 12 months before the survey)								
		56.7		67.5	66.1	53.7	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
	QNNODNT: Percentage of students who never saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work)								
		6.9		9.2	3.5	3.6	No linear change	Not available	No change
	QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)								
		29.2		19.8	20.5	26.1	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Black\*  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN88: Percentage of students who carried a gun on school property (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
				3.4	2.3	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN89: Percentage of students who never or rarely feel safe from physical harm when they are at school								
25.1	21.2		24.4	21.6	23.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN90: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that violence is a problem at their school								
29.4	36.4		48.2	38.5	28.6	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN91: Percentage of students who received, sent, or shared nude photos of someone or other sexual images (on one or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
				16.8	18.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Black\*  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>‡</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>		
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021					
QNWATER1: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water one or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						72.1	70.3	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QNWATER2: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water two or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						67.0	63.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNWATER3: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water three or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						55.2	55.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Black\*  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN92: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that harassment and bullying by other students is a problem at their school								
22.5	21.7		27.9	28.7	16.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Decreased
QN93: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
10.9	15.5		18.2	14.4	10.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN94: Percentage of students who have had significant problems with feeling very anxious, nervous, tense, scared, or like something bad was going to happen (during the 12 months before the survey)								
			48.9	28.7	41.7	No linear change	Not available	Increased

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Black\*  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN95: Percentage of students who have taken over-the-counter drugs to get high (one or more times during their life)								
10.1	9.3		10.0	10.8	3.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN96: Percentage of students who attended school under the influence of alcohol or other illegal drugs (such as marijuana or cocaine, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
	27.4		21.8	14.7	8.0	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change
QN97: Percentage of students who used any illegal drug except marijuana (such as methamphetamines, heroin, cocaine or crack, ecstasy, or hallucinogens, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
				5.6	4.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black\*  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN98: Percentage of students who are transgender								
			3.7	0.9	0.0	Not available	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	Not available
QN99: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)								
				25.9	28.5	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN100: Percentage of students who did not drink a bottle or glass of plain water (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)								
				5.2	5.9	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Black\*  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>				
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021							
QN101: Percentage of students who used technology between midnight and 5 AM on at least one school night (counting time spent playing games, watching videos, texting, or using social media on their smartphone, computer, Xbox, PlayStation, iPad, or other tablet, during an average week when they are in school)						69.2	72.9	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change		
QN102: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)						6.8	4.8	7.8	6.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN103: Percentage of students who have lived in more than one place (counting apartments, houses, or other places, even if they are all in the same town or city, during their life)						87.0	83.7	No linear change	Not available	No change		

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Black\*  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN104: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)						6.8	2.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change			
QN105: Percentage of students who would feel comfortable seeking help from one or more adults besides their parents if they had an important question affecting their life						77.4	76.6	No linear change	Not available	No change			
QN106: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)						39.7	47.3	56.5	55.4	49.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN107: Percentage of students who receive Special Education services through an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or 504 plan						12.7	12.9	No linear change	Not available	No change			

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Black\*  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>					
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021								
QN108: Percentage of students who participate in school activities one or more hours (such as sports, band, drama, or clubs, during an average week when they are in school)						61.8	61.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change			
QN109: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that they feel like they belong at their school						65.7	49.6	57.6	No linear change	Not available	No change		
QN110: Percentage of students who reported there is at least one teacher or other adult in their school that they can talk to if they have a problem						58.2	65.0	69.4	57.4	57.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always get the kind of help they need (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)						22.3	32.2	20.2	No linear change	Not available	No change		

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Black\*  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change <sup>†</sup>	Quadratic Change <sup>†</sup>	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>§</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN112: Percentage of students who would most likely talk with their parent or other adult family member about their feelings (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)								
			24.6	40.1	23.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QN113: Percentage of students who described their health in general as excellent or very good								
55.3	64.2		55.0	49.1	43.0	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN114: Percentage of students who have physical disabilities or long-term health problems (meaning 6 months or more)								
	18.1		17.5	12.9	9.9	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Non-Hispanic.

<sup>†</sup>Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>¶</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN8: Percentage of students who did not always wear a seat belt (when riding in a car driven by someone else)								
59.2	51.2		50.2	44.1	49.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN9: Percentage of students who rode with a driver who had been drinking alcohol (in a car or other vehicle, one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
20.5	22.6		18.9	19.1	18.9	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN10: Percentage of students who drove a car or other vehicle when they had been drinking alcohol (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	10.8		5.0	6.0	9.6	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Hispanic Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN11: Percentage of students who texted or e-mailed while driving a car or other vehicle (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey, among students who had driven a car or other vehicle during the 30 days before the survey)								
	49.5		38.5	44.9	39.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN14: Percentage of students who did not go to school because they felt unsafe at school or on their way to or from school (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
5.3	7.7		8.1	7.4	12.0	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN15: Percentage of students who were threatened or injured with a weapon on school property (such as a gun, knife, or club, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
8.3	6.1		8.2	10.6	8.7	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Hispanic Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN17: Percentage of students who were in a physical fight on school property (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
14.5	8.3		11.1	16.0	11.7	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN19: Percentage of students who were ever physically forced to have sexual intercourse (when they did not want to)								
			10.0	4.8	13.0	No linear change	Not available	Increased
QN21: Percentage of students who experienced sexual dating violence (being forced by someone they were dating or going out with to do sexual things [counting such things as kissing, touching, or being physically forced to have sexual intercourse] that they did not want to do, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)								
	10.4		11.0	16.7	10.8	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Hispanic Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN22: Percentage of students who experienced physical dating violence (being physically hurt on purpose by someone they were dating or going out with [counting such things as being hit, slammed into something, or injured with an object or weapon] one or more times during the 12 months before the survey, among students who dated or went out with someone during the 12 months before the survey)								
	6.9		8.2	9.3	8.1	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN23: Percentage of students who were bullied on school property (ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
21.8	20.7		19.9	24.5	14.0	No linear change	Not available	Decreased
QN24: Percentage of students who were electronically bullied (counting being bullied through texting, Instagram, Facebook, or other social media, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
17.3	15.7		17.6	17.9	15.6	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Hispanic Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN25: Percentage of students who felt sad or hopeless (almost every day for >=2 weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities, ever during the 12 months before the survey)								
25.0	29.2		31.6	42.3	42.6	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN26: Percentage of students who seriously considered attempting suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
14.7	14.4		15.7	20.0	20.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN27: Percentage of students who made a plan about how they would attempt suicide (during the 12 months before the survey)								
12.4	14.2		18.3	16.0	16.9	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN28: Percentage of students who actually attempted suicide (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
14.7	11.3		9.9	8.8	10.2	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Injury and Violence

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN29: Percentage of students who had a suicide attempt that resulted in an injury, poisoning, or overdose that had to be treated by a doctor or nurse (during the 12 months before the survey)								
5.7	5.1		3.3	3.1	3.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Hispanic Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN30: Percentage of students who ever tried cigarette smoking (even one or two puffs)								
51.5	40.6		31.7	25.1	17.0	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN31: Percentage of students who first tried cigarette smoking before age 13 years (even one or two puffs)								
			10.1	9.2	9.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN32: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
14.8	10.4		4.1	7.3	5.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QNFRCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
5.6	2.5		0.7	0.0	4.1	Not available	Not available	Not available

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNDAYCIG: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
3.1	2.5		0.7	0.0	3.1	Not available	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Not available
QN34: Percentage of students who ever used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu])								
				56.1	41.4	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN35: Percentage of students who currently used an electronic vapor product (including e-cigarettes, vapes, vape pens, e-cigars, e-hookahs, hookah pens, and mods [such as JUUL, SMOK, Suorin, Vuse, and blu], on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			8.3	25.3	16.5	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNFREVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products frequently (on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			2.6	8.3	7.7	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNDAYEVP: Percentage of students who currently used electronic vapor products daily (on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			2.6	5.0	5.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNTB5: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or used electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			8.8	25.5	17.7	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN37: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			3.5	3.7	4.0	No linear change	Not available§	No change
QNFRSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco frequently (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			0.4	1.0	1.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNDAYSKL: Percentage of students who currently used smokeless tobacco daily (chewing tobacco, snuff, dip, snus, or dissolvable tobacco products [such as Copenhagen, Grizzly, Skoal, or Camel Snus], not counting any electronic vapor products, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
			0.4	1.0	1.8	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN38: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
17.4	13.4		6.7	3.0	4.2	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNTB4: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars or used smokeless tobacco or electronic vapor products (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
			9.8	26.2	19.3	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNFRCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars frequently (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on 20 or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
2.6	3.9		0.4	0.5	1.8	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Tobacco Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNTB2: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigarettes or cigars (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
23.1	16.8		5.9	8.6	6.6	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNDAYCGR: Percentage of students who currently smoked cigars daily (cigars, cigarillos, or little cigars, on all 30 days during the 30 days before the survey)								
1.9	2.7		0.4	0.5	1.8	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Hispanic Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN40: Percentage of students who had their first drink of alcohol before age 13 years (other than a few sips)								
28.5	20.5		17.8	20.1	25.3	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN41: Percentage of students who currently drank alcohol (at least one drink of alcohol, on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
38.7	35.2		27.3	34.3	26.0	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN43: Percentage of students who reported that the largest number of drinks they had in a row was 10 or more (within a couple of hours, during the 30 days before the survey)								
				4.3	5.1	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN45: Percentage of students who ever used marijuana (one or more times during their life)								
48.7	44.1		36.0	43.8	35.1	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN46: Percentage of students who tried marijuana for the first time before age 13 years								
12.6	12.0		7.5	9.6	9.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN47: Percentage of students who currently used marijuana (one or more times during the 30 days before the survey)								
26.1	27.1		21.9	33.4	21.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN49: Percentage of students who ever took prescription pain medicine without a doctor's prescription or differently than how a doctor told them to use it (counting drugs such as codeine, Vicodin, OxyContin, Hydrocodone, and Percocet, one or more times during their life)								
			14.5	14.6	14.5	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Alcohol and Other Drug Use

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN52: Percentage of students who ever used heroin (also called "smack," "junk," or "China White," one or more times during their life)								
				2.4	4.5	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN53: Percentage of students who ever used methamphetamines (also called "speed," "crystal meth," "crank," "ice," or "meth," one or more times during their life)								
				2.4	4.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN56: Percentage of students who were offered, sold, or given an illegal drug on school property (during the 12 months before the survey)								
36.3	24.9		24.3	19.4	15.7	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Hispanic Sexual Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN58: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse for the first time before age 13 years								
7.1	6.5		5.3	3.5	5.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN59: Percentage of students who had sexual intercourse with four or more persons during their life								
14.0	10.5		9.7	10.5	10.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN60: Percentage of students who were currently sexually active (had sexual intercourse with at least one person, during the 3 months before the survey)								
35.8	32.3		27.2	28.7	23.9	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN62: Percentage of students who used a condom during last sexual intercourse (among students who were currently sexually active)								
64.5	57.1		58.1	49.6	43.7	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Hispanic

#### Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNOWT: Percentage of students who were overweight ( $\geq$ 85th percentile but $<$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>§</sup>								
15.3	14.2		15.1	18.5	21.6	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>¶</sup>	No change
QNOBESE: Percentage of students who had obesity ( $\geq$ 95th percentile for body mass index, based on sex- and age-specific reference data from the 2000 CDC growth charts) <sup>§</sup>								
11.4	10.5		22.8	19.1	19.5	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN69: Percentage of students who did not eat fruit (one or more times during the 7 days before the survey)								
9.2	8.5		12.5	5.4	10.8	No linear change	Not available	Increased
QN76: Percentage of students who did not eat breakfast (during the 7 days before the survey)								
14.0	12.8		21.6	18.9	26.5	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Overweight and obese prevalence estimates for 1999 differ slightly from previously published results because different BMI cut points were used in 1999 than in subsequent years. To make these prevalence estimates comparable, the 1999 prevalence estimates were recalculated using the updated BMI cut points. In addition, beginning in 2017, new, slightly different ranges were used to calculate biologically implausible responses to height and weight questions.

¶Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic

Weight Management and Dietary Behaviors

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages

Linear Change\*

Quadratic Change\*

Change from  
2019-2021 †

2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QNBK7DAY: Percentage of students who ate breakfast on all 7 days (during the 7 days before the survey)								
32.3	35.5		28.0	24.8	18.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

#### Hispanic Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN77: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on 5 or more days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
42.2	43.9		41.6	37.7	37.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QNPA0DAY: Percentage of students who did not participate in at least 60 minutes of physical activity on at least 1 day (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
13.8	14.4		17.4	20.6	22.7	Increased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QNPA7DAY: Percentage of students who were physically active at least 60 minutes per day on all 7 days (in any kind of physical activity that increased their heart rate and made them breathe hard some of the time during the 7 days before the survey)								
23.5	22.9		20.2	18.7	19.9	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Physical Activity

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN81: Percentage of students who had a concussion from playing a sport or being physically active (one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
				14.0	13.4	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic Other	Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
	2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
	QN84: Percentage of students who saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work, during the 12 months before the survey)								
		71.0		68.3	67.9	65.2	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
	QNNODNT: Percentage of students who never saw a dentist (for a check-up, exam, teeth cleaning, or other dental work)								
		2.2		2.5	1.5	1.3	No linear change	Not available	No change
	QN86: Percentage of students who got 8 or more hours of sleep (on an average school night)								
		29.4		25.5	22.4	21.1	Decreased, 2013-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Hispanic  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 <sup>†</sup>
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN88: Percentage of students who carried a gun on school property (on at least 1 day during the 30 days before the survey)								
				1.0	2.0	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN89: Percentage of students who never or rarely feel safe from physical harm when they are at school								
17.6	14.5		15.2	12.0	19.7	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN90: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that violence is a problem at their school								
33.9	40.3		38.7	33.6	37.9	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN91: Percentage of students who received, sent, or shared nude photos of someone or other sexual images (on one or more days during the 30 days before the survey)								
				31.3	26.6	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>†</sup>Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

<sup>§</sup>Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Hispanic  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†		
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021					
QNWATER1: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water one or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						79.3	73.9	No linear change	Not available§	No change
QNWATER2: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water two or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						71.6	64.4	No linear change	Not available	No change
QNWATER3: Percentage of students who drank a bottle or glass of plain water three or more times per day (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)						52.4	49.9	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Hispanic  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN92: Percentage of students who disagree or strongly disagree that harassment and bullying by other students is a problem at their school								
21.6	21.2		23.7	16.2	20.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN93: Percentage of students who did something to purposely hurt themselves without wanting to die (such as cutting or burning themselves on purpose one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
20.9	22.0		11.4	17.2	26.0	No linear change	Not available	Increased
QN94: Percentage of students who have had significant problems with feeling very anxious, nervous, tense, scared, or like something bad was going to happen (during the 12 months before the survey)								
			39.2	59.0	62.5	Increased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Hispanic  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN95: Percentage of students who have taken over-the-counter drugs to get high (one or more times during their life)								
14.1	12.4		5.9	6.2	8.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN96: Percentage of students who attended school under the influence of alcohol or other illegal drugs (such as marijuana or cocaine, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
	19.2		14.7	26.8	16.8	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN97: Percentage of students who used any illegal drug except marijuana (such as methamphetamines, heroin, cocaine or crack, ecstasy, or hallucinogens, one or more times during the 12 months before the survey)								
				6.0	7.6	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

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§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN98: Percentage of students who are transgender								
			3.0	0.9	3.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	Increased
QN99: Percentage of students who ate vegetables one or more times per day (during the 7 days before the survey)								
				27.0	32.2	No linear change	Not available	No change
QN100: Percentage of students who did not drink a bottle or glass of plain water (counting tap, bottled, and unflavored sparkling water, during the 7 days before the survey)								
				1.4	3.7	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.



## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Hispanic  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN101: Percentage of students who used technology between midnight and 5 AM on at least one school night (counting time spent playing games, watching videos, texting, or using social media on their smartphone, computer, Xbox, PlayStation, iPad, or other tablet, during an average week when they are in school)								
				69.6	58.7	Decreased, 2019-2021	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN102: Percentage of students who most of the time or always wear sunscreen (with an SPF of 15 or higher when they are outside for more than one hour on a sunny day)								
	11.0		12.3	9.1	15.5	No linear change	Not available	Increased
QN103: Percentage of students who have lived in more than one place (counting apartments, houses, or other places, even if they are all in the same town or city, during their life)								
				85.7	86.3	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

## 2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

### Wisconsin High School Survey 10-year Trend Analysis Report

**Hispanic  
Site-Added**

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†		
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021					
QN104: Percentage of students who most of the time or always went hungry because there was not enough food in their home (during the 30 days before the survey)						7.9	4.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN105: Percentage of students who would feel comfortable seeking help from one or more adults besides their parents if they had an important question affecting their life						77.9	76.9	No linear change	Not available	No change
58.2	62.7		63.1	55.4	61.2	No linear change	Not available	No change		
QN106: Percentage of students who described their grades in school as mostly A's or B's (during the 12 months before the survey)										
QN107: Percentage of students who receive Special Education services through an Individualized Education Plan (IEP) or 504 plan						11.9	15.5	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade,  $p < 0.05$ .

†Based on t-test analysis,  $p < 0.05$ .

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021†
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN108: Percentage of students who participate in school activities one or more hours (such as sports, band, drama, or clubs, during an average week when they are in school)								
				50.4	48.8	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN109: Percentage of students who strongly agree or agree that they feel like they belong at their school								
			63.1	51.9	51.0	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change
QN110: Percentage of students who reported there is at least one teacher or other adult in their school that they can talk to if they have a problem								
66.5	66.3		69.3	68.5	53.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	Decreased
QN111: Percentage of students who most of the time or always get the kind of help they need (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)								
			26.6	19.3	14.1	Decreased, 2017-2021	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.

2021 YOUTH RISK BEHAVIOR SURVEY RESULTS

Wisconsin High School Survey  
10-year Trend Analysis Report

Hispanic  
Site-Added

Health Risk Behavior and Percentages						Linear Change*	Quadratic Change*	Change from 2019-2021 †
2011	2013	2015	2017	2019	2021			
QN112: Percentage of students who would most likely talk with their parent or other adult family member about their feelings (among students who report having felt sad, empty, hopeless, angry, or anxious)								
			17.5	19.9	17.6	No linear change	Not available <sup>§</sup>	No change
QN113: Percentage of students who described their health in general as excellent or very good								
62.8	62.0		52.8	40.2	33.5	Decreased, 2011-2021	Not available	No change
QN114: Percentage of students who have physical disabilities or long-term health problems (meaning 6 months or more)								
	12.3		10.0	8.9	9.7	No linear change	Not available	No change

\*Based on trend analyses using a logistic regression model controlling for sex, race/ethnicity, and grade, p < 0.05.

†Based on t-test analysis, p < 0.05.

§Not enough years of data to calculate.